

# Beginner's Perspective of TEER

## Central dMR vs. non-Central dMR

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# Disclosure

- No Disclosure

# Outcomes of TEER between Central and noncentral dMR

## Echocardiographic and Clinical Outcomes of Central Versus Noncentral Percutaneous Edge-to-Edge Repair of Degenerative Mitral Regurgitation

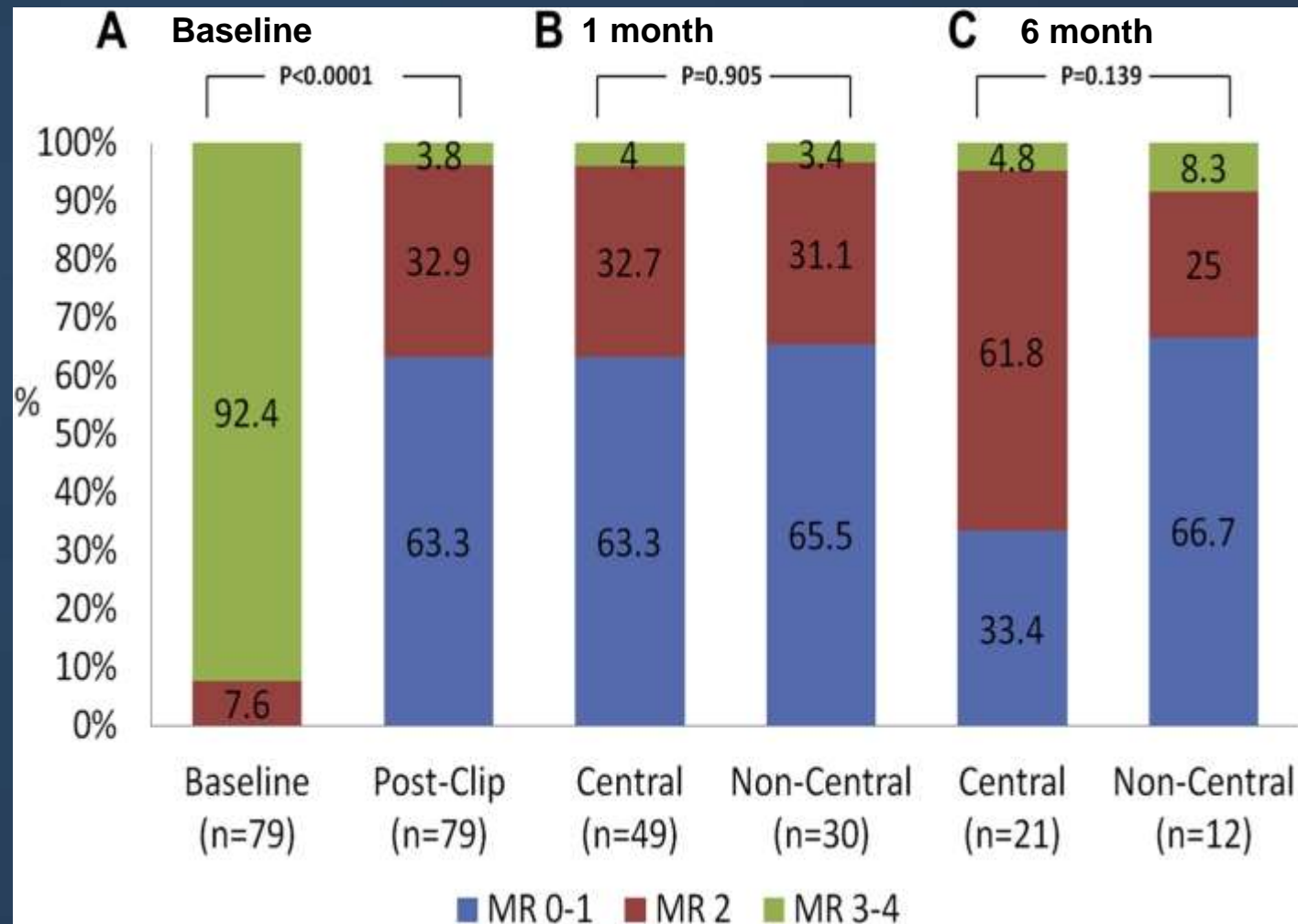
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# Outcomes of TEER

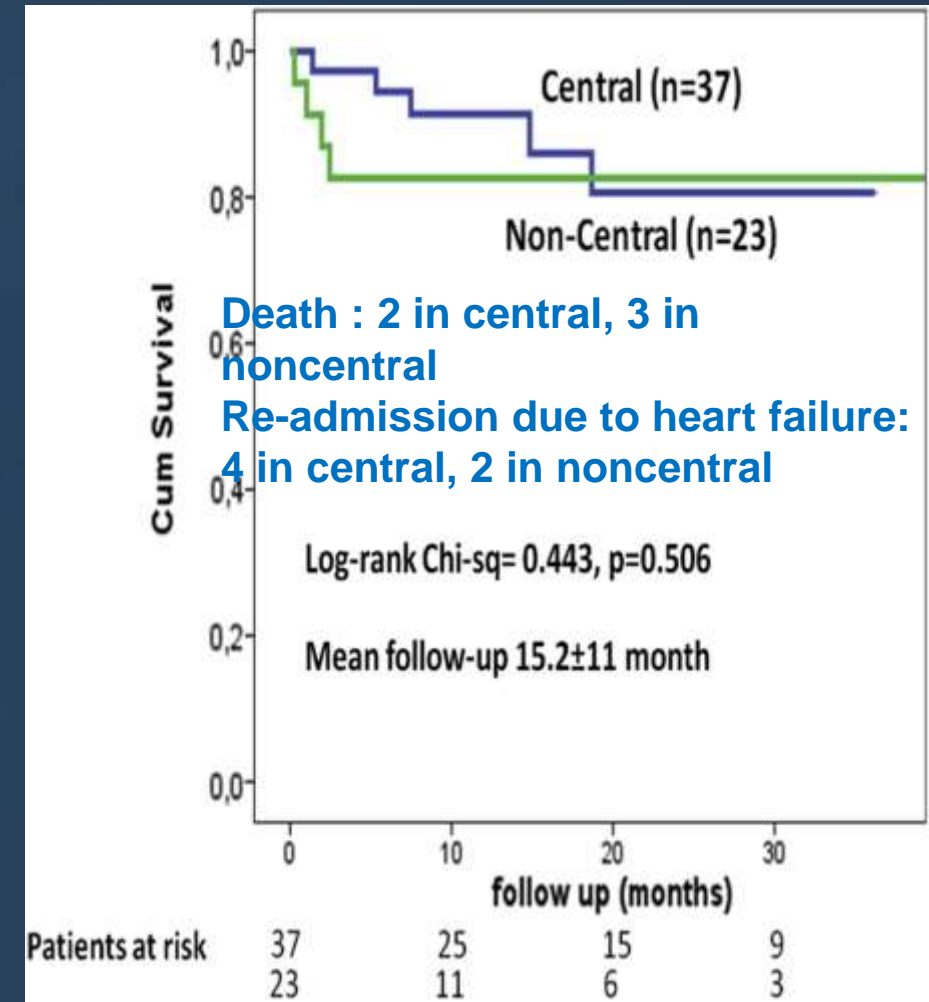
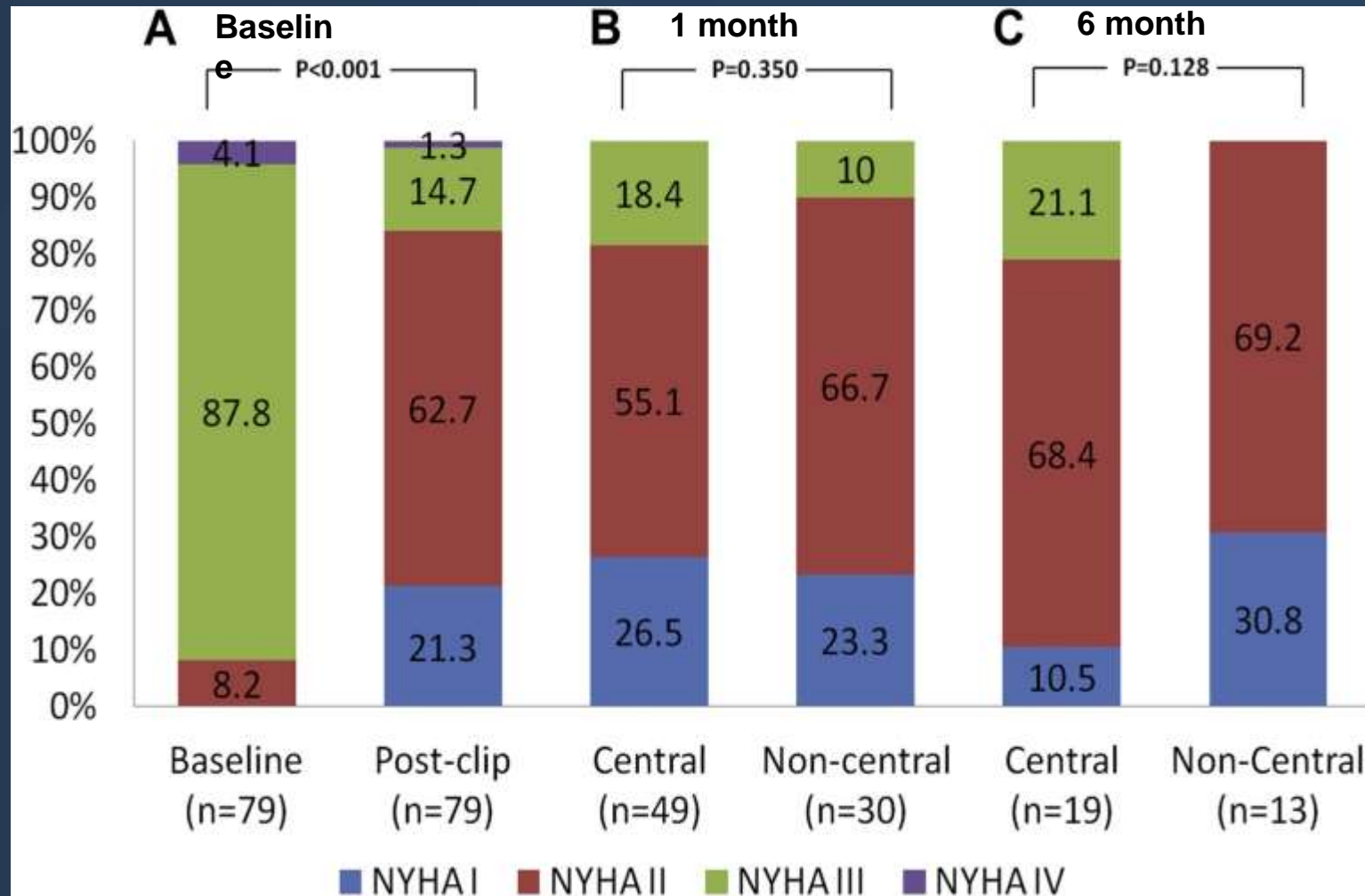
## between Central and noncentral dMR

Table 3 Periprocedural Adverse Events				
	Overall (N = 79)	Central (n = 49)	Non-Central (n = 30)	p Value
Clip embolization	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	—
Partial clip detachment	2 (2.5)	1 (2)	1 (3.3)	1.000
Prolonged clip entanglement	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1.000
Chordal rupture	1 (1.2)	1 (2)	0 (0)	1.000
Cardiac tamponade	1 (1.2)	1 (2)	0 (0)	1.000
Gastro-intestinal bleeding	2 (2.5)	1 (2)	1 (3.3)	1.000
Stroke	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	—
Transient AV block	1 (1.2)	1 (2)	0 (0)	1.000
Pneumonia	1 (1.2)	1 (2)	0 (0)	1.000
Mitral valve surgery	1 (1.2)	1 (2)	0 (0)	1.000
Death	1 (1.2)	0 (0)	1 (3.3)	1.000
All complications	10 (12.6)	7 (14.3)	3 (10)	0.734



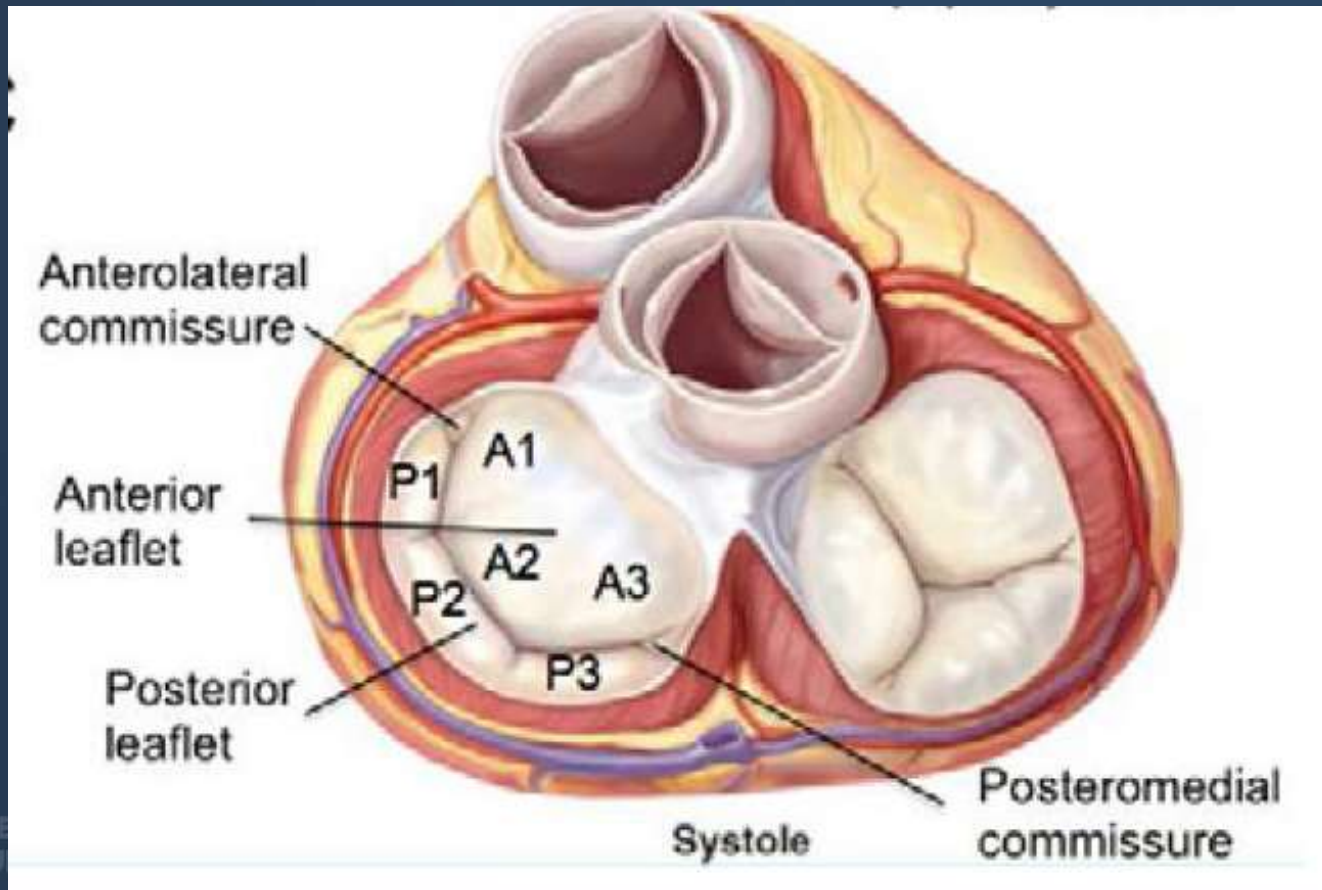
# Outcomes of TEER

## between Central and noncentral dMR



# Short review of MV anatomy

- Anterior leaflet = aortic leaflet, semicircular, broader, 1/3 of annular circumference
- Posterior leaflet = mural leaflet, crescentic, narrow, 2/3 of annular circumference

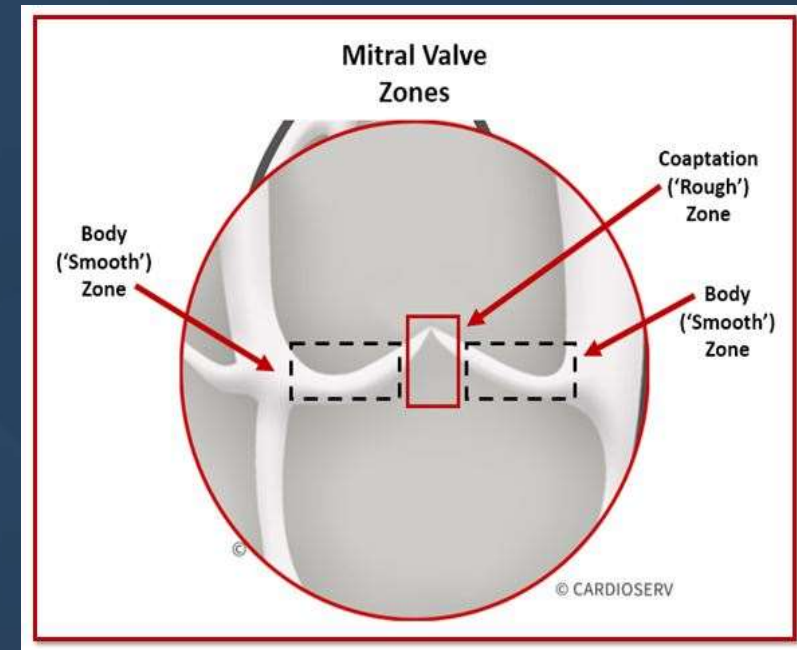
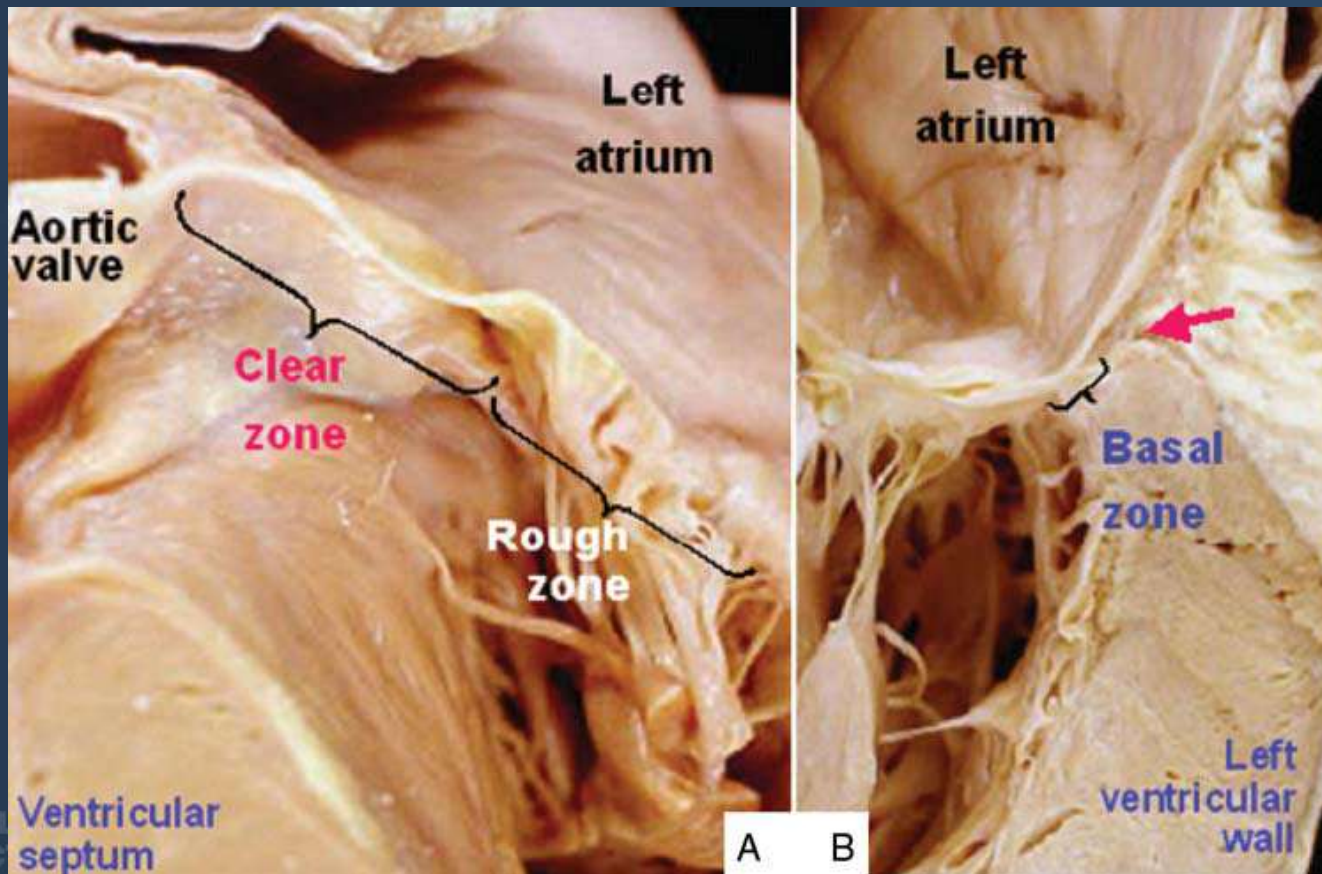


*Eur J Echocardiogr 2010;11:i3-9*  
*Curr Cardiol Rep 2019;21:61*  
*Cardiol Clin 2013;31*

# Short review of MV anatomy

- Zone of leaflet

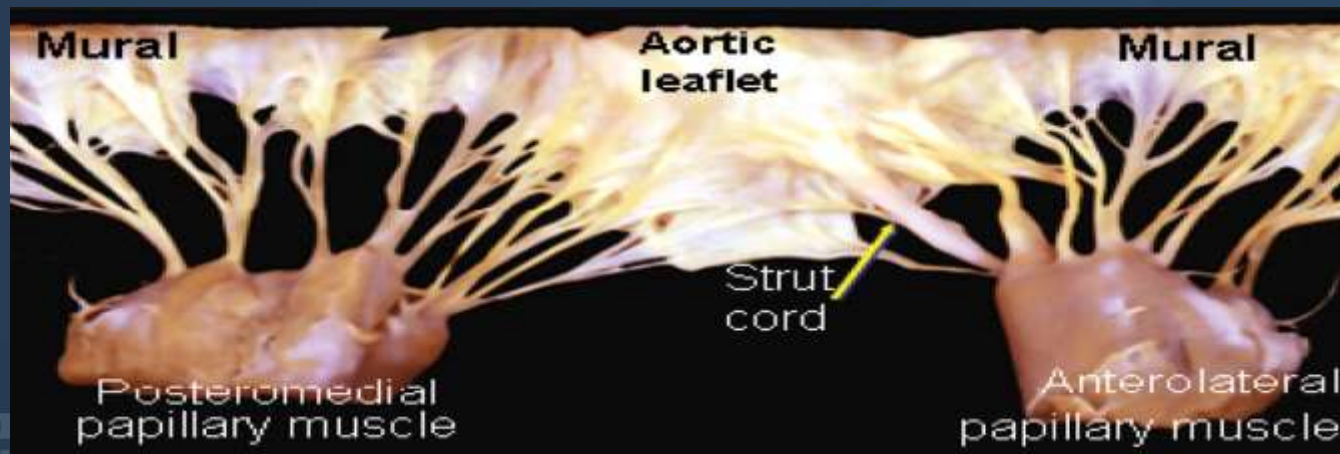
- ✓ Basal zone: leaflet connect to the atrioventricular junction
- ✓ Clear zone: central portion of leaflet
- ✓ Rough zone: free edge



*Eur J Echocardiogr* 2010;11:i3-9  
*Curr Cardiol Rep* 2019;21:61  
*Cardiol Clin* 2013;31

# Short review of MV anatomy

- Components of chordae
  - ✓ Primary chordae: attach to leaflet free edge, thinner, higher collagen fiber (limited extensibility, reduced crimping) → prevent leaflet edge eversion (flail leaflet)
  - ✓ Secondary chordae: attach to rough zone, thicker, more extensible
  - ✓ Tertiary chordae: attach to basal zone of mural leaflet

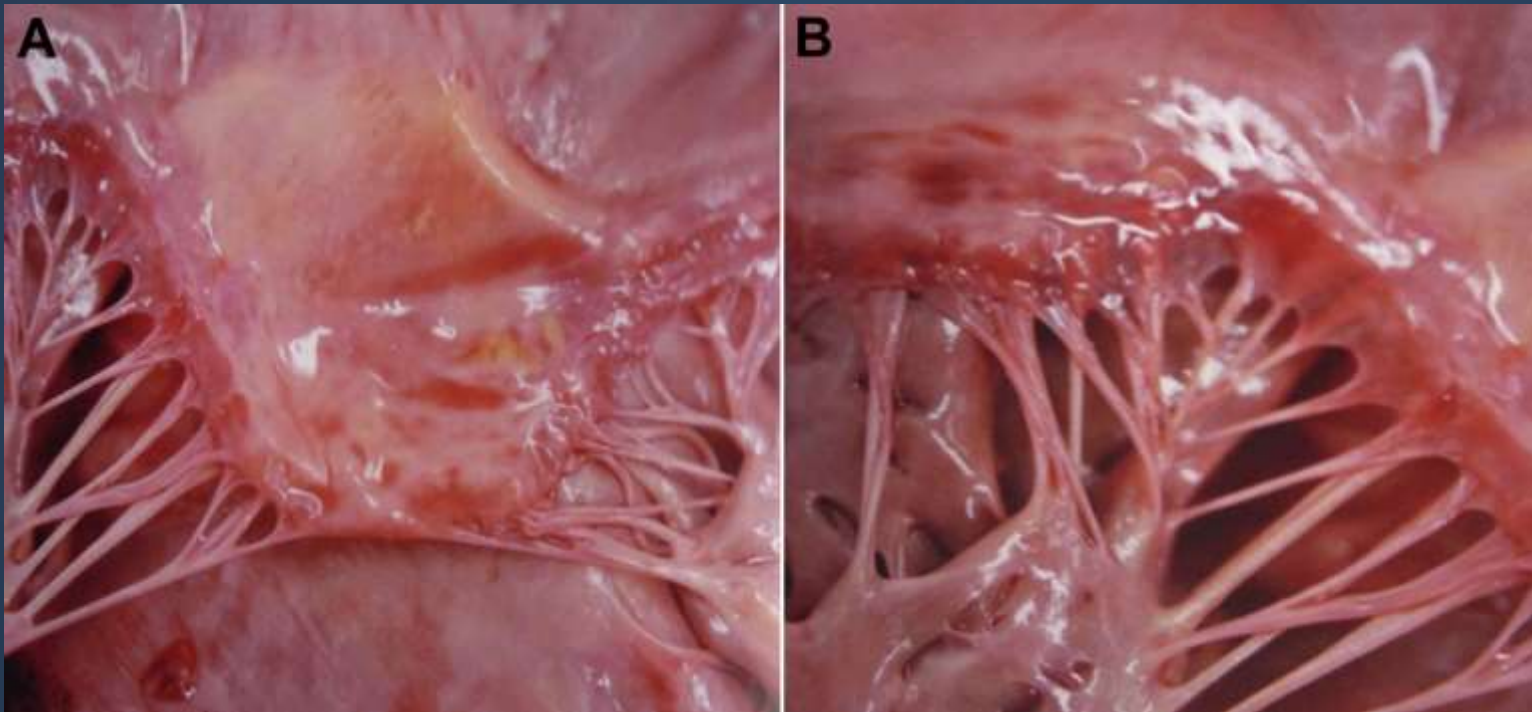


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*Curr Cardiol Rep* 2019;21:61  
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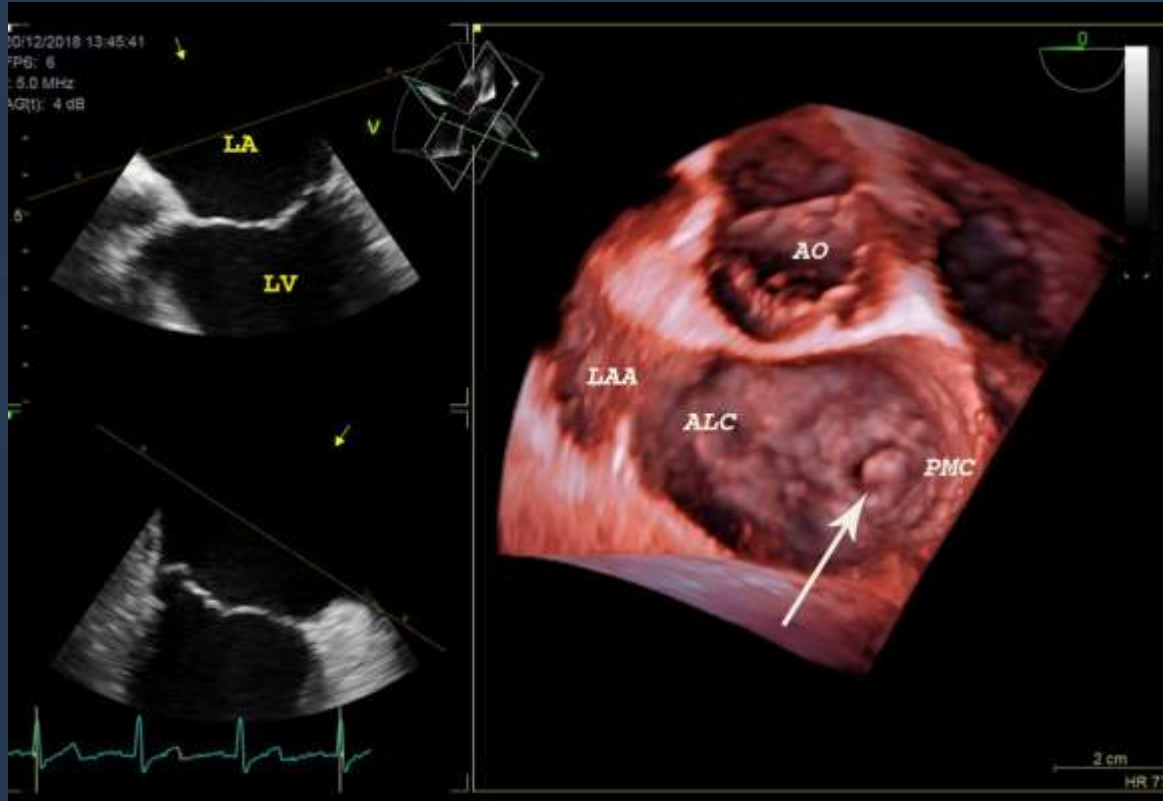
# Complexity of noncentral dMR

- There is a chordae-free zone in the central part of the anterior leaflet
- However, the structure of the chordae in the commissural areas is more complex

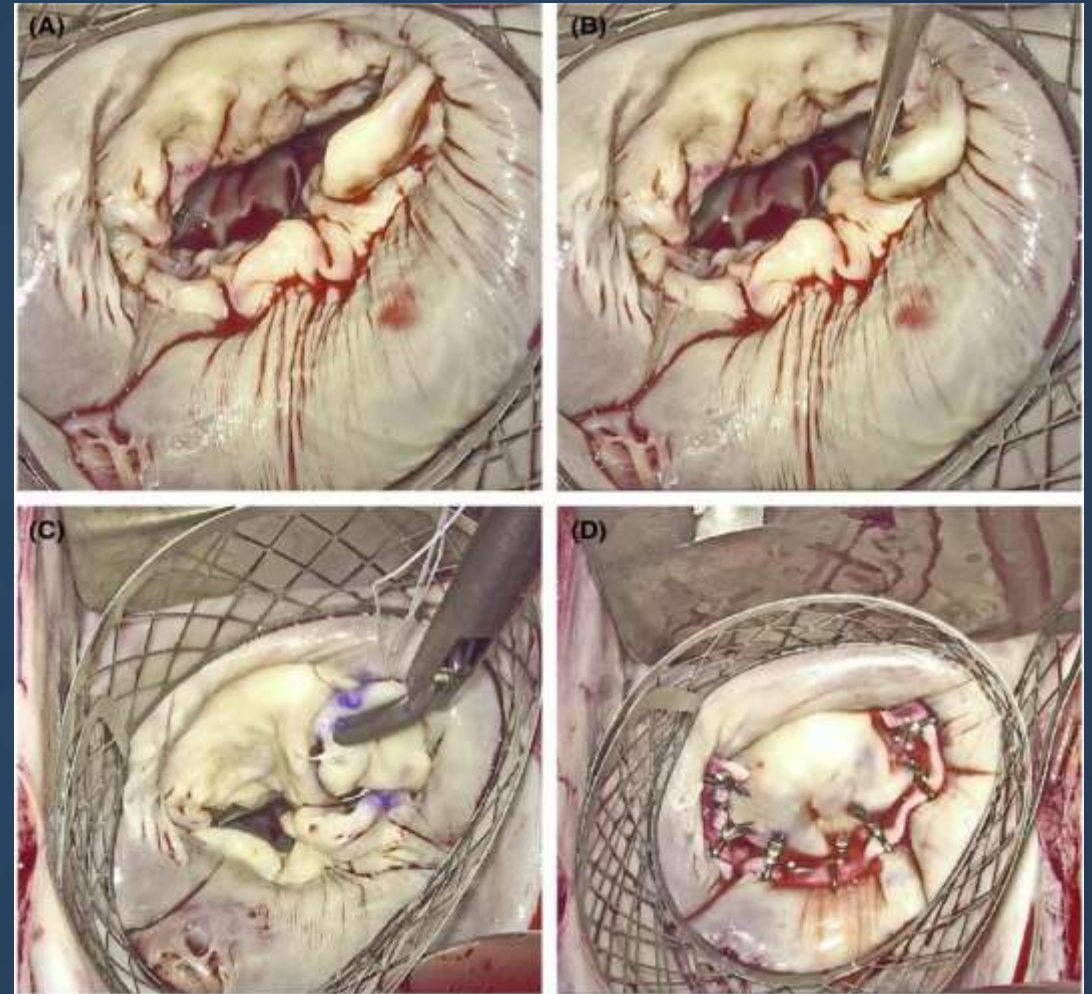




# Commissural MR, extreme noncentral MR

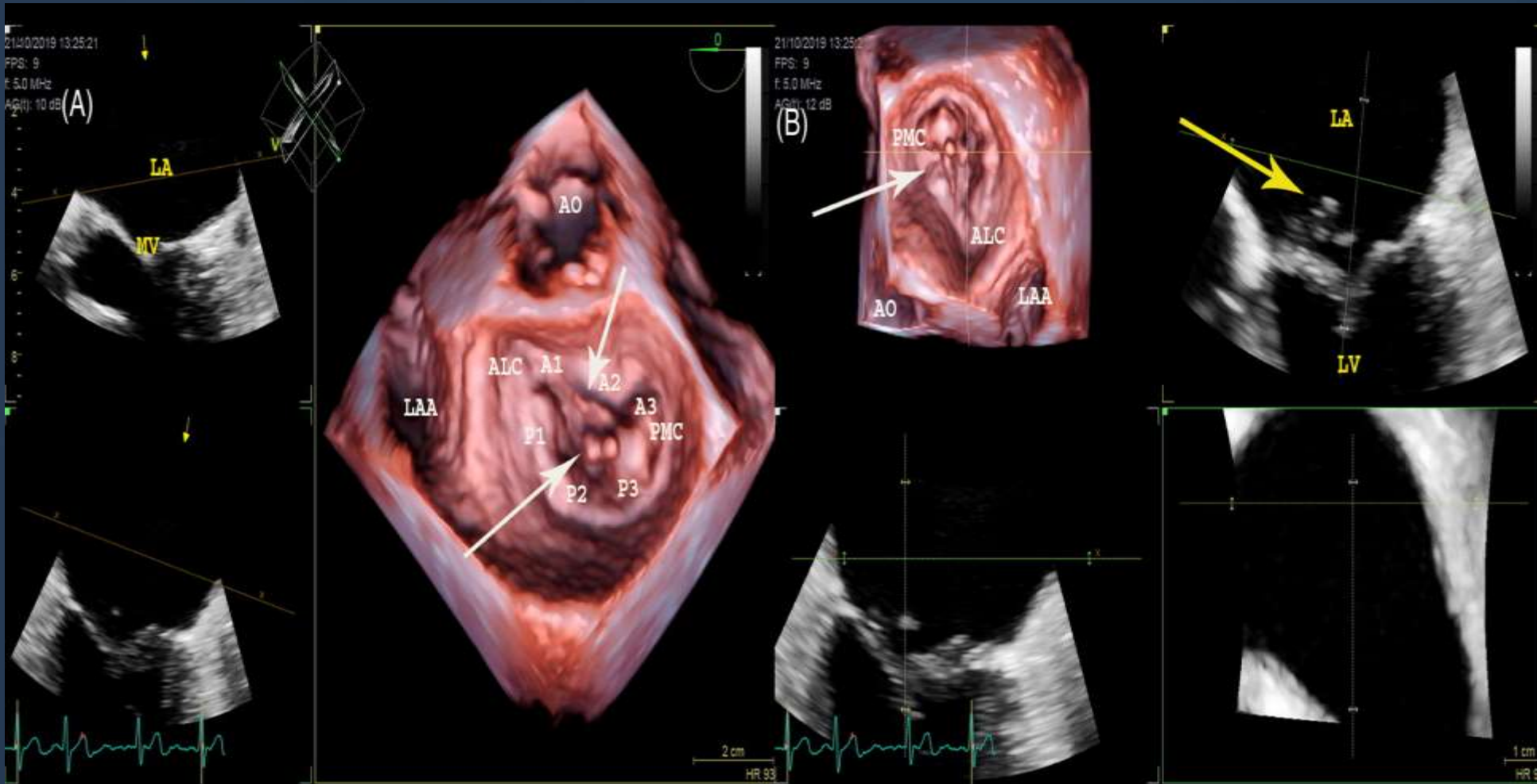


Isolated PMC prolapse



*Echocardiography. 2021;38:646–656.*

# Commissural MR, extreme noncentral MR



**Flail PMC**

*Echocardiography. 2021;38:646–656.*

# Commissural MR, extreme noncentral MR



Combined prolapse of ALC and P2 scallop

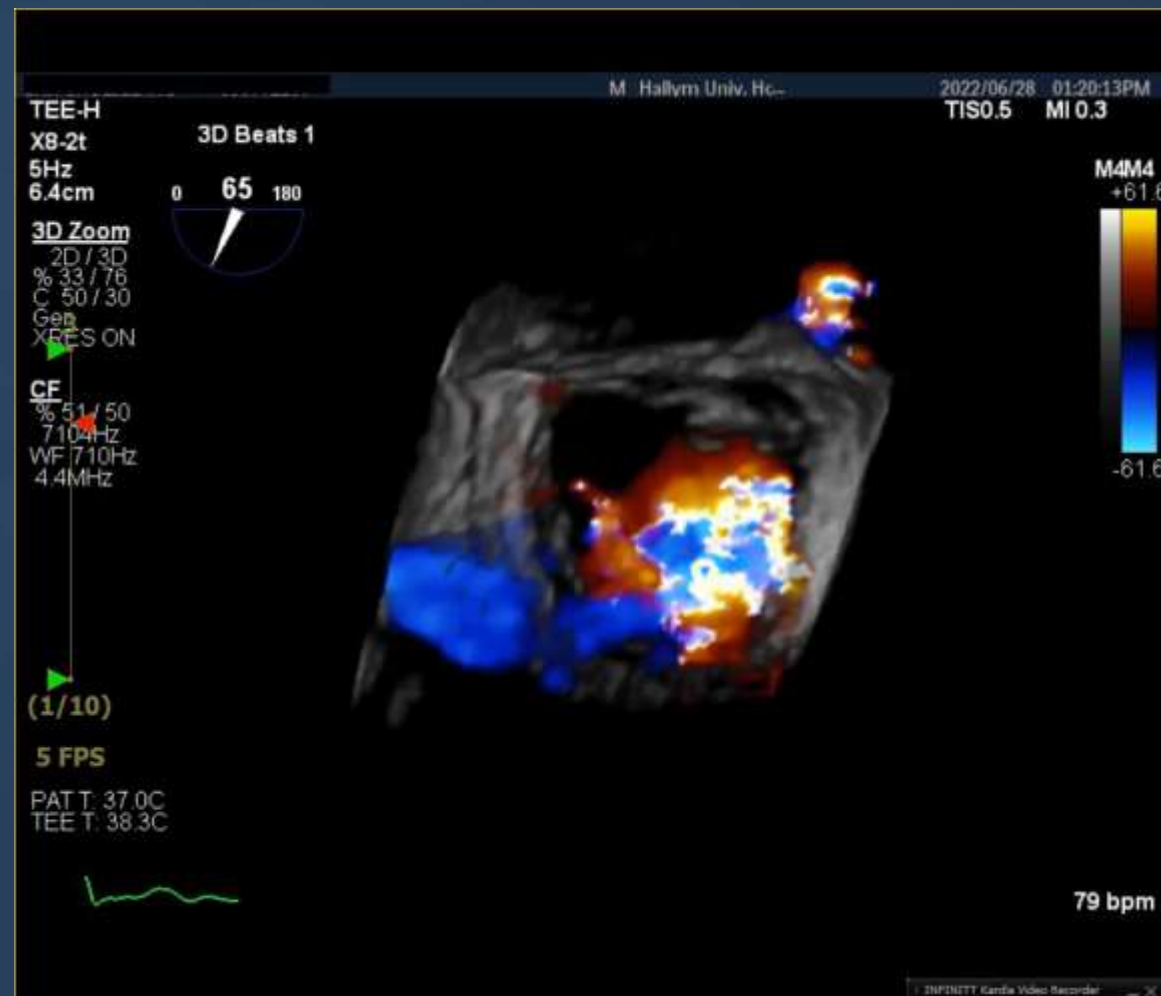
# Commissural MR, extreme noncentral MR

- Surgical treatment of commissural MR: various technique and combined technique
  - ✓ Ring and band annuloplasty with
  - ✓ Resection or plication of prolapsing or redundant leaflet tissue
  - ✓ Papillary muscle repositioning and chordal transposition
  - ✓ Chordal replacement with expanded polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) neochords
  - ✓ Commissural closure: standing the test of time → **We can treat noncentral MR by Mitraclip**

**However,  
For the beginner of TEER**

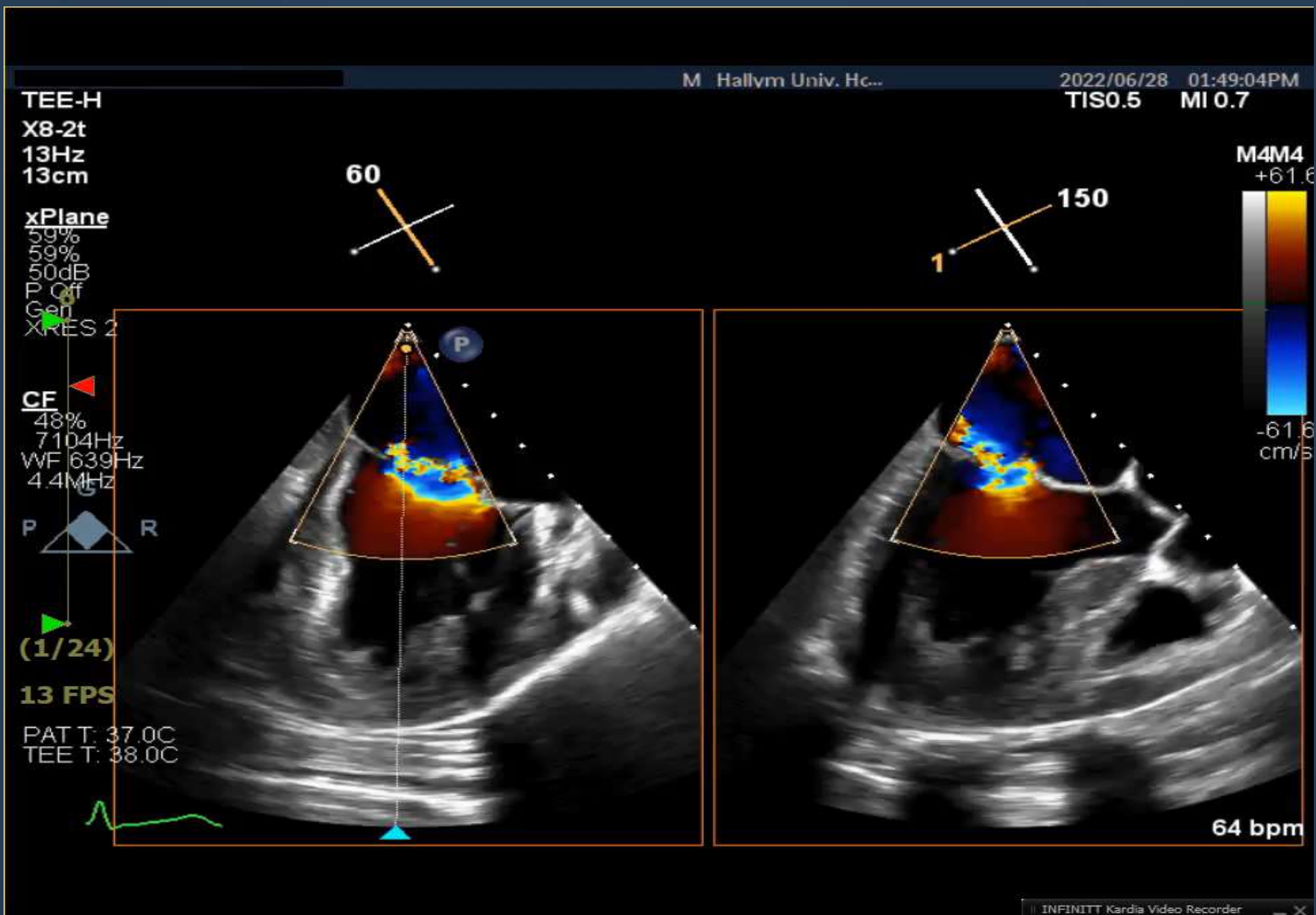
# CASE 1

- 82/M, STS score: 8.754
- ECG: AF
- Mainly central MR (A2-3 prolapse)

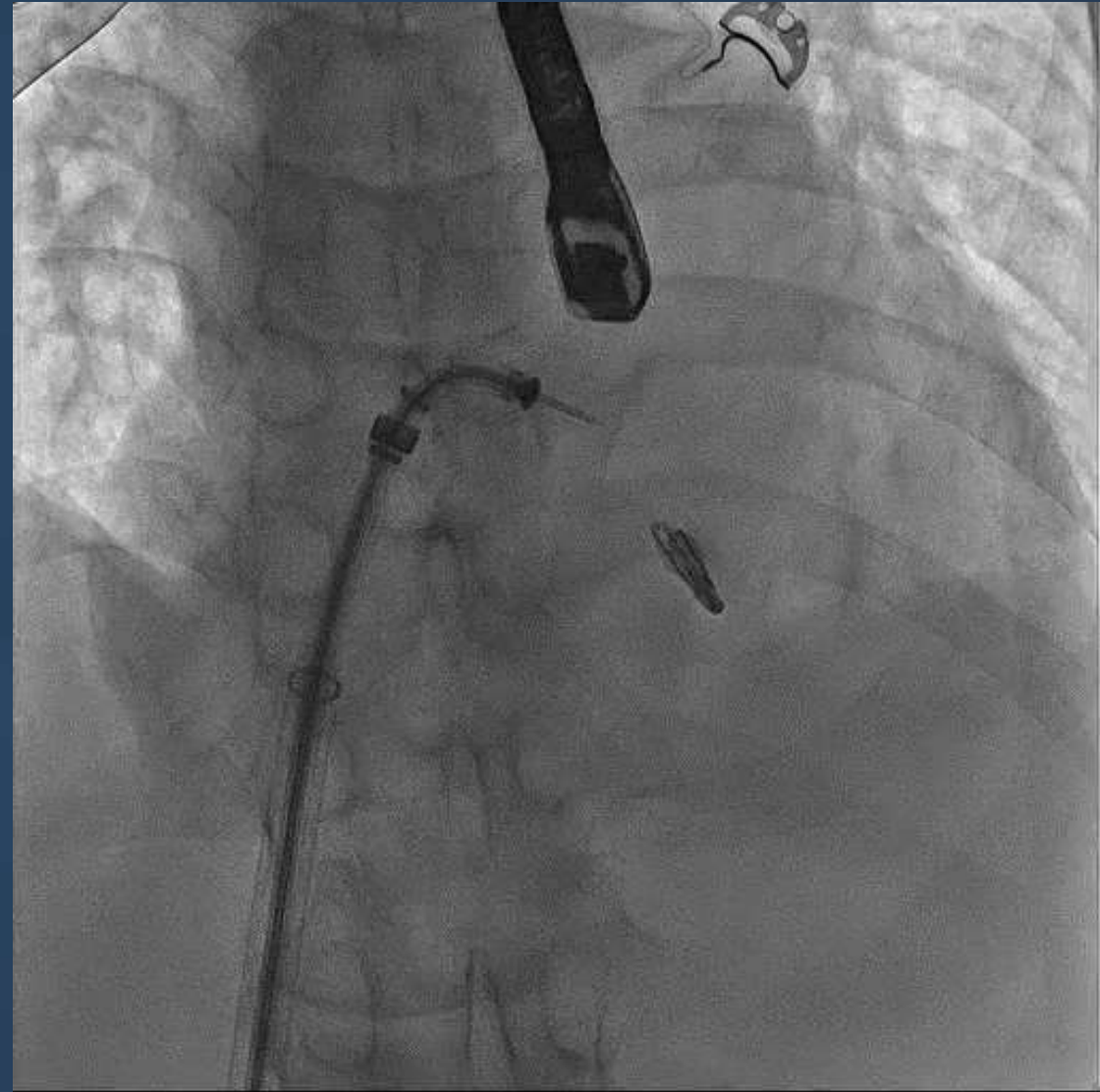
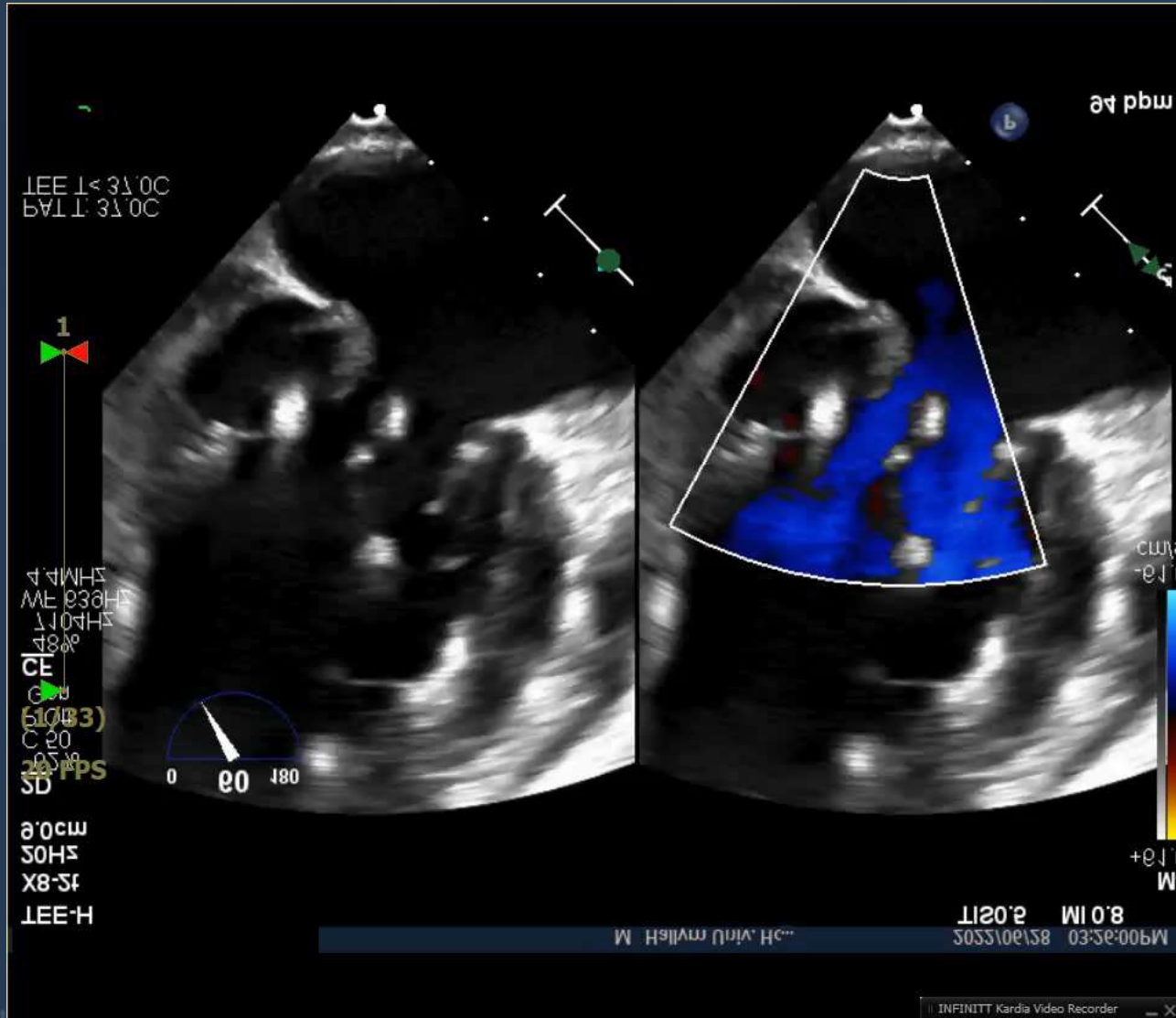




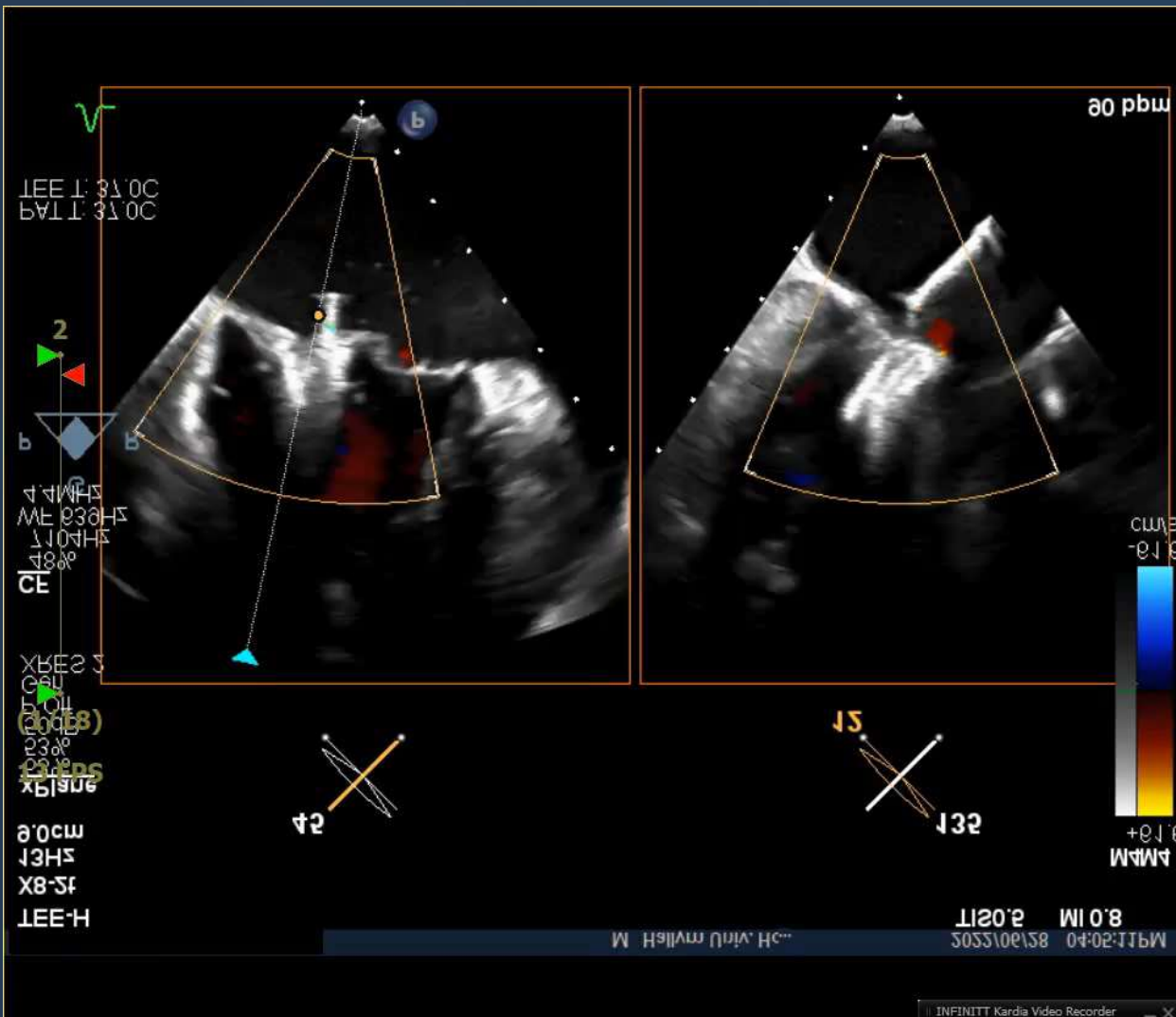
# CASE 1



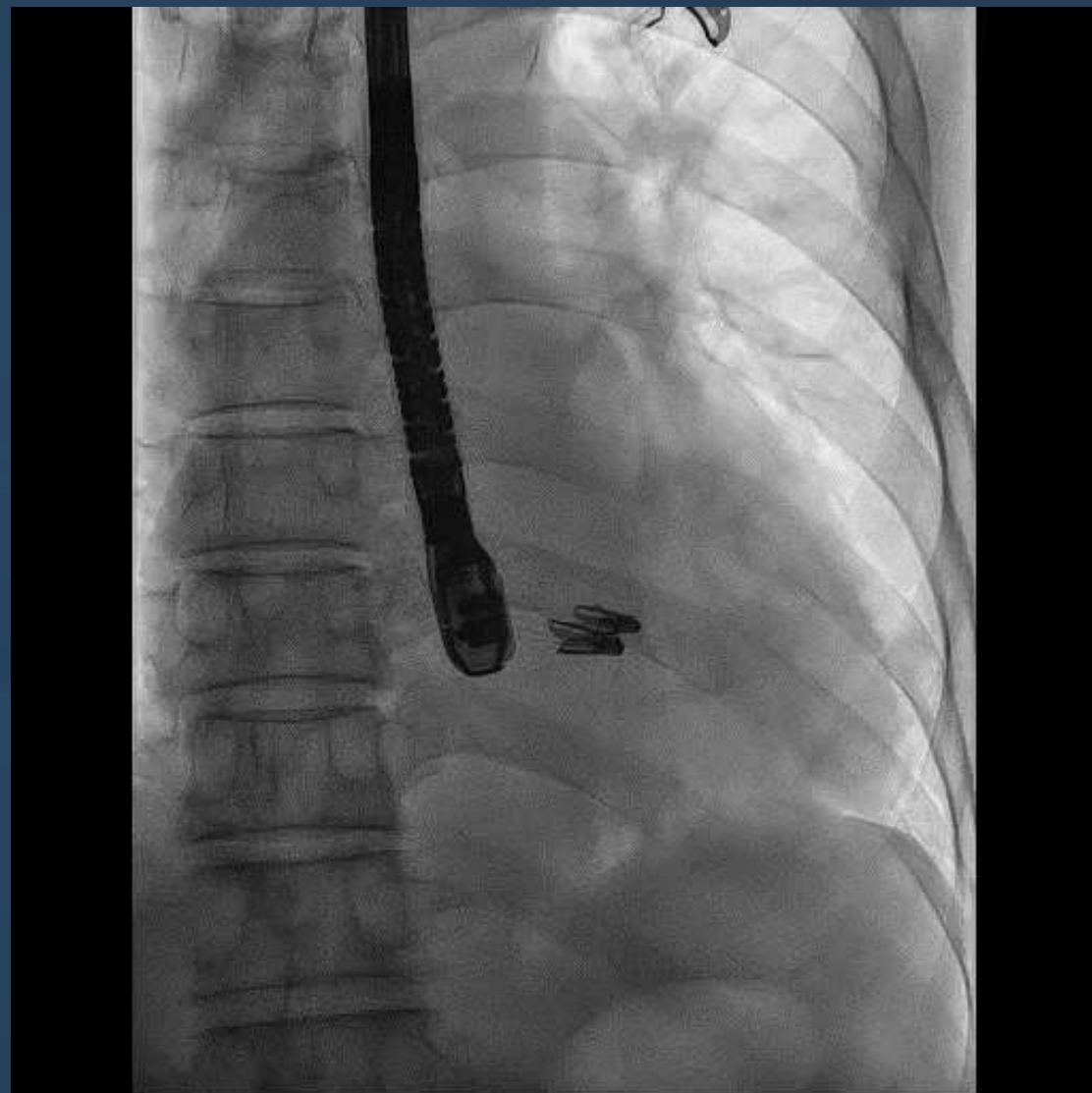
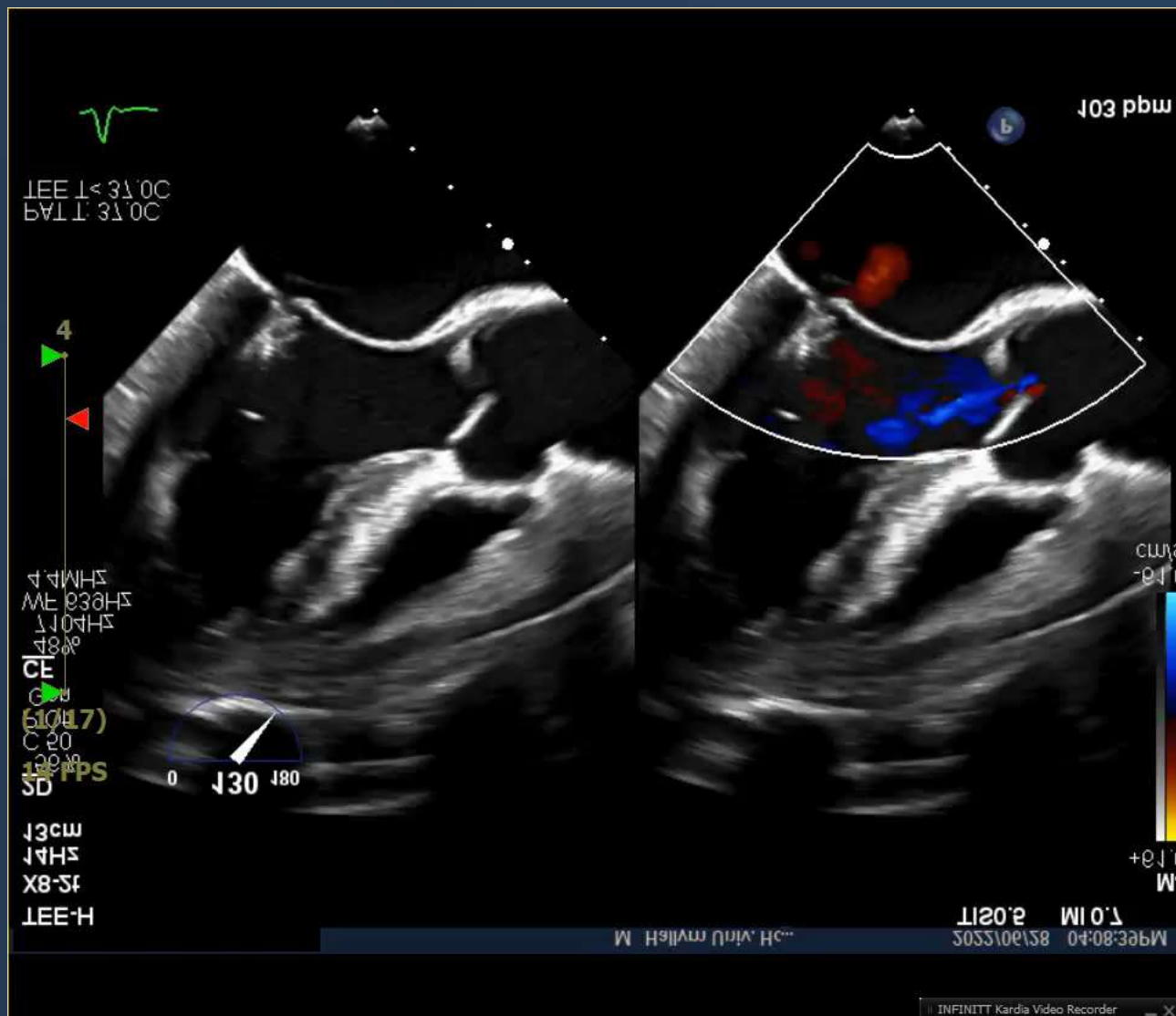
# CASE 1



# CASE 1

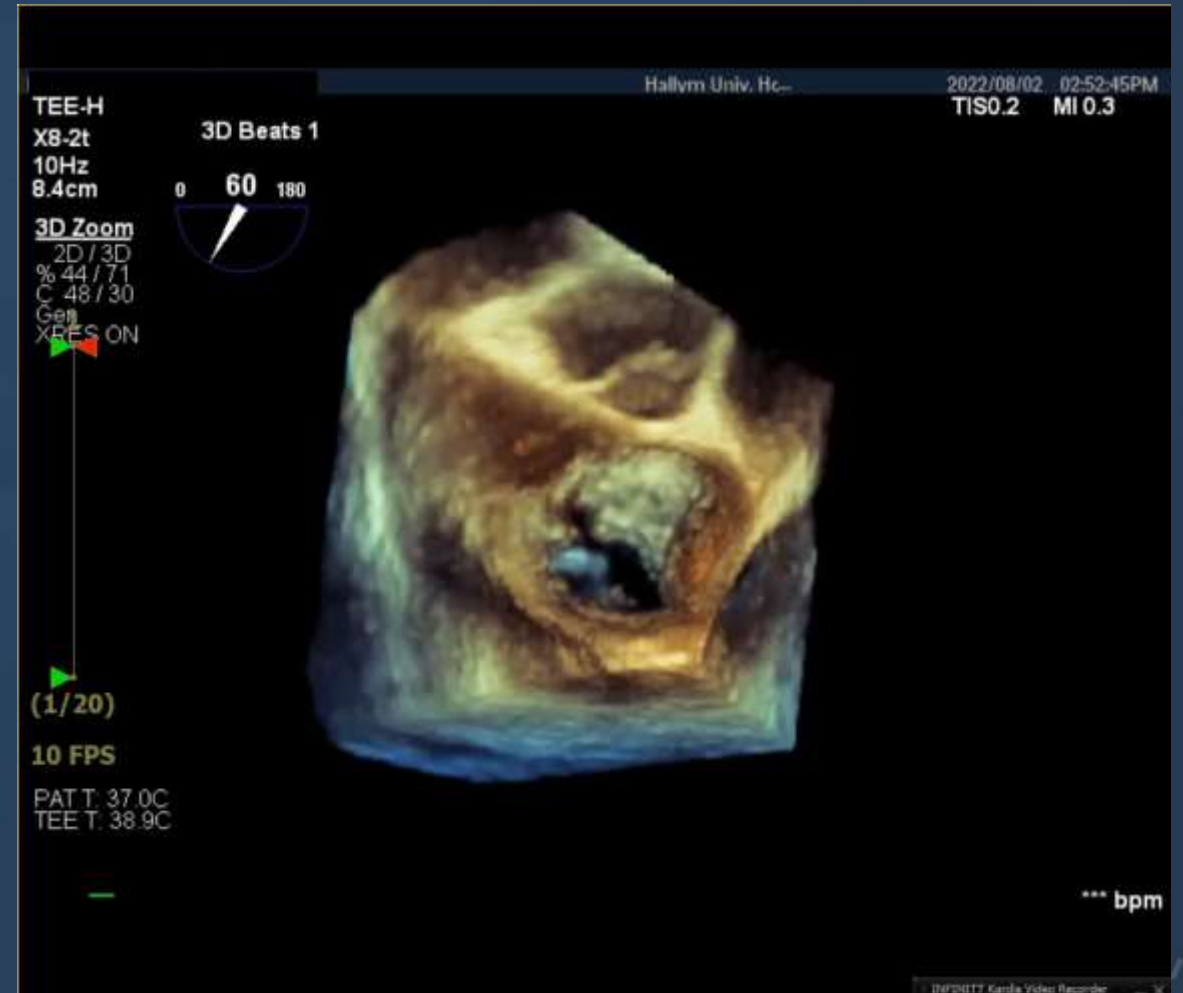
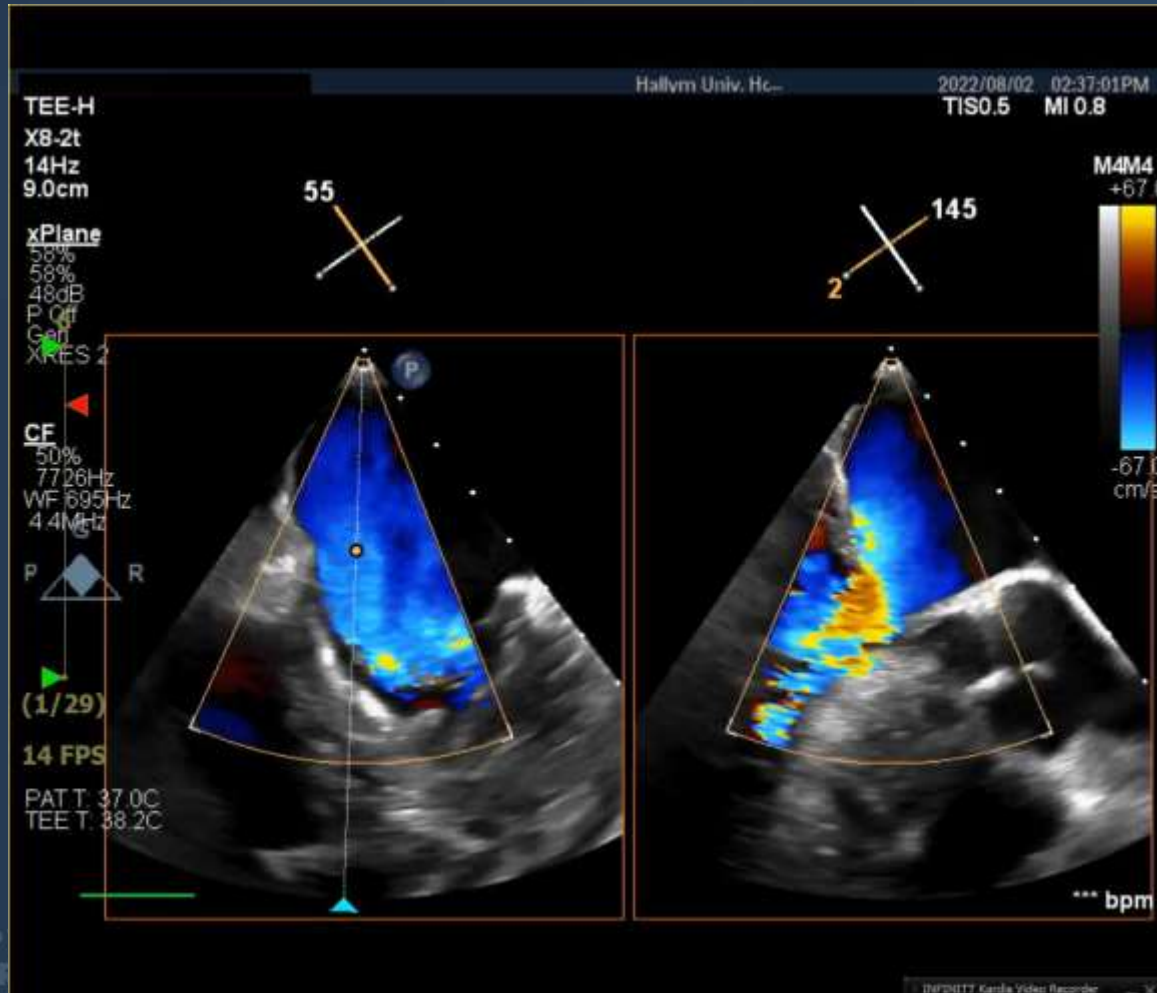


# CASE 1

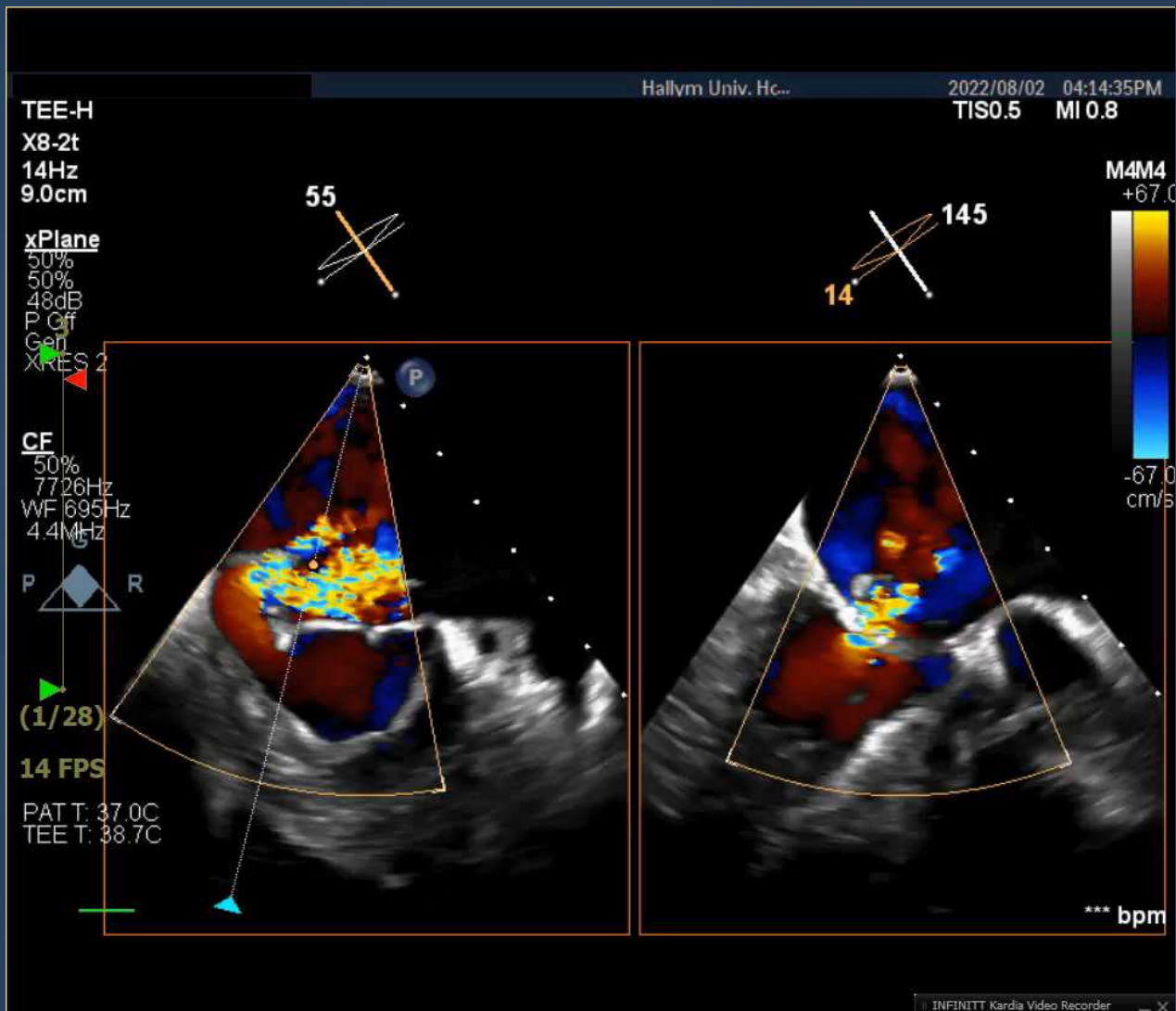
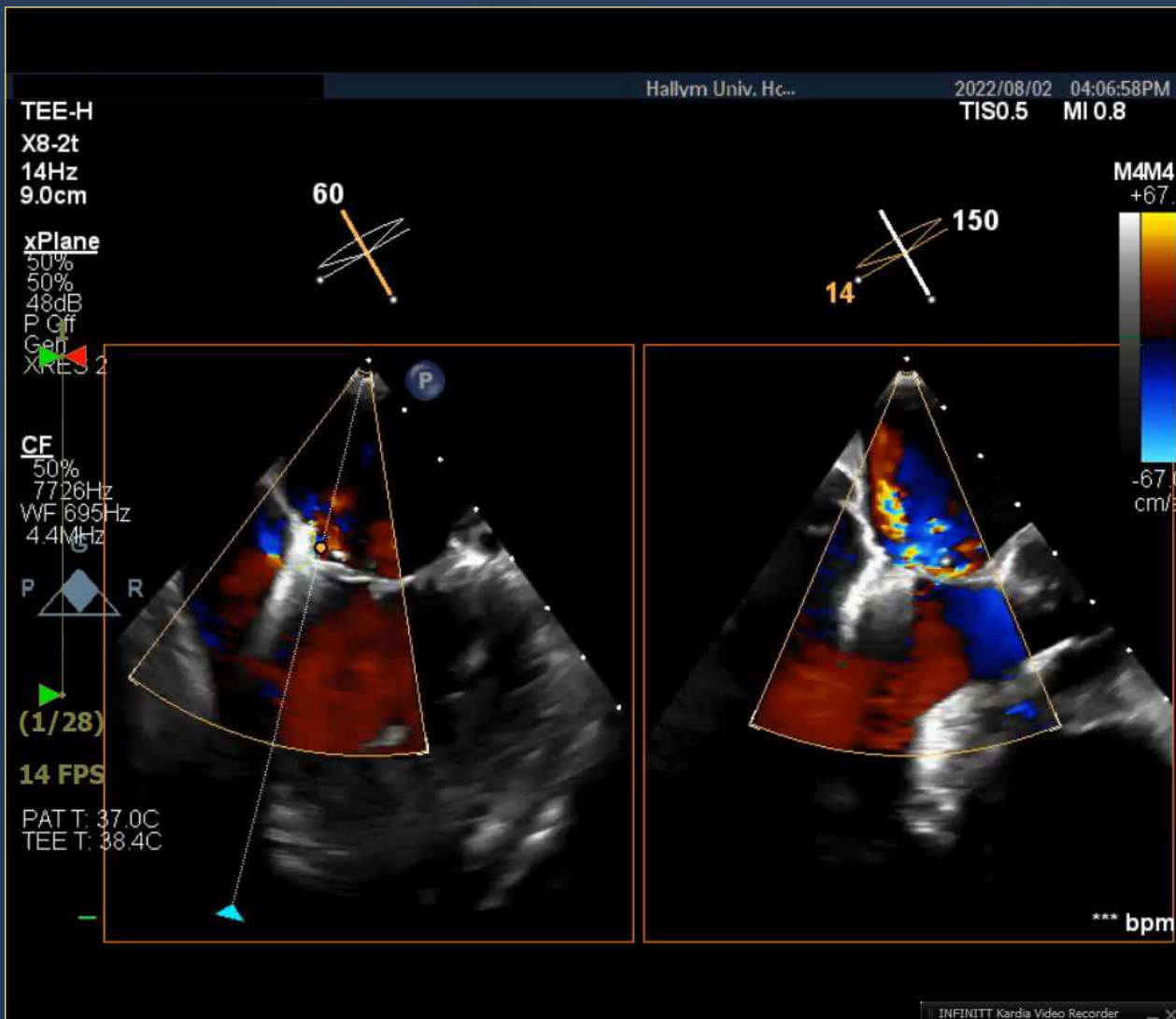


# CASE 2

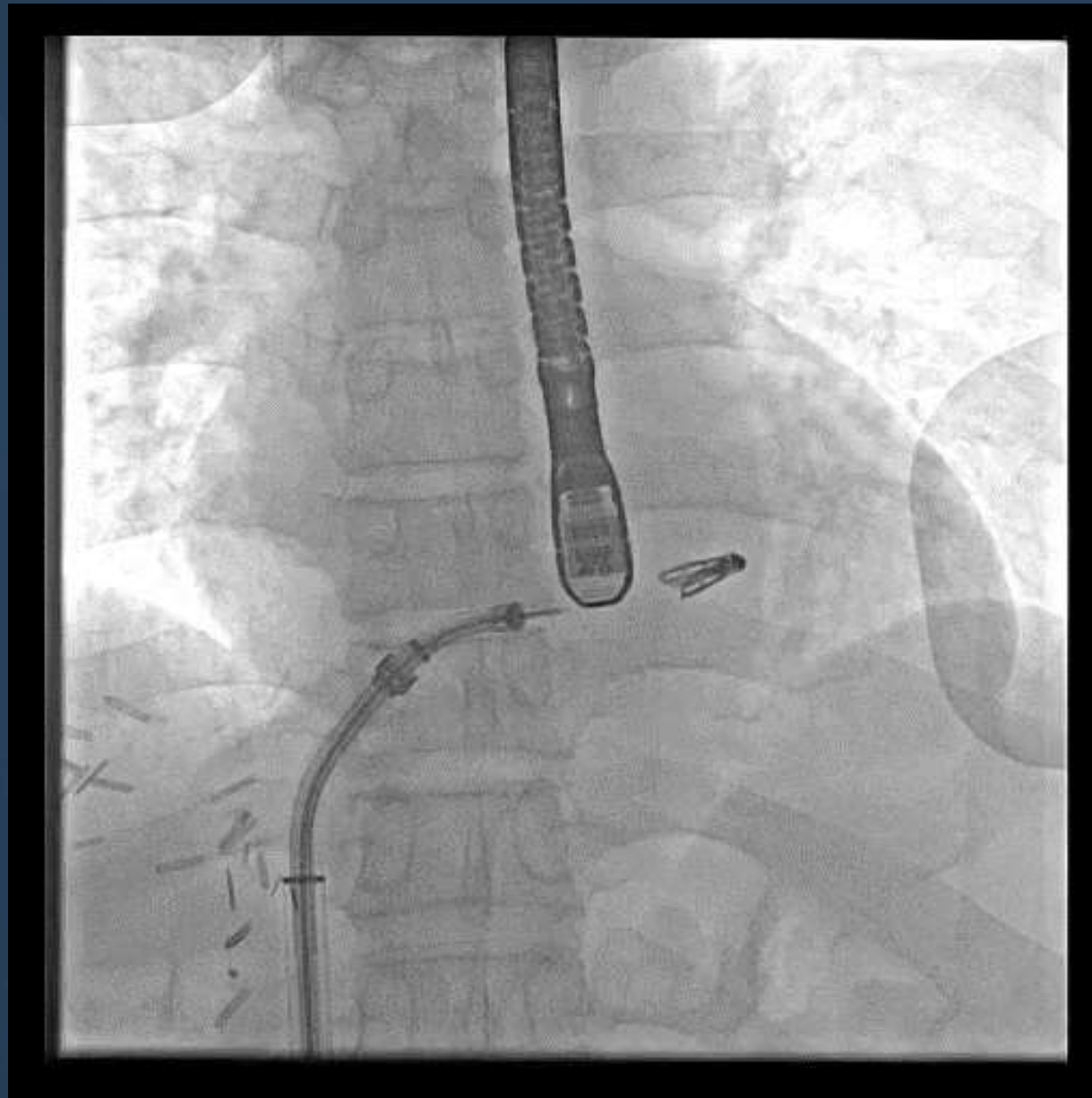
- 57/M, STS score: 4.754, LC (Child pugh C) with HCC, LT candidate
- ECG: paroxysmal AF
- Extremely commissural MR (P3 and PMC flail, flail gap 4.5 mm, width 18 mm)



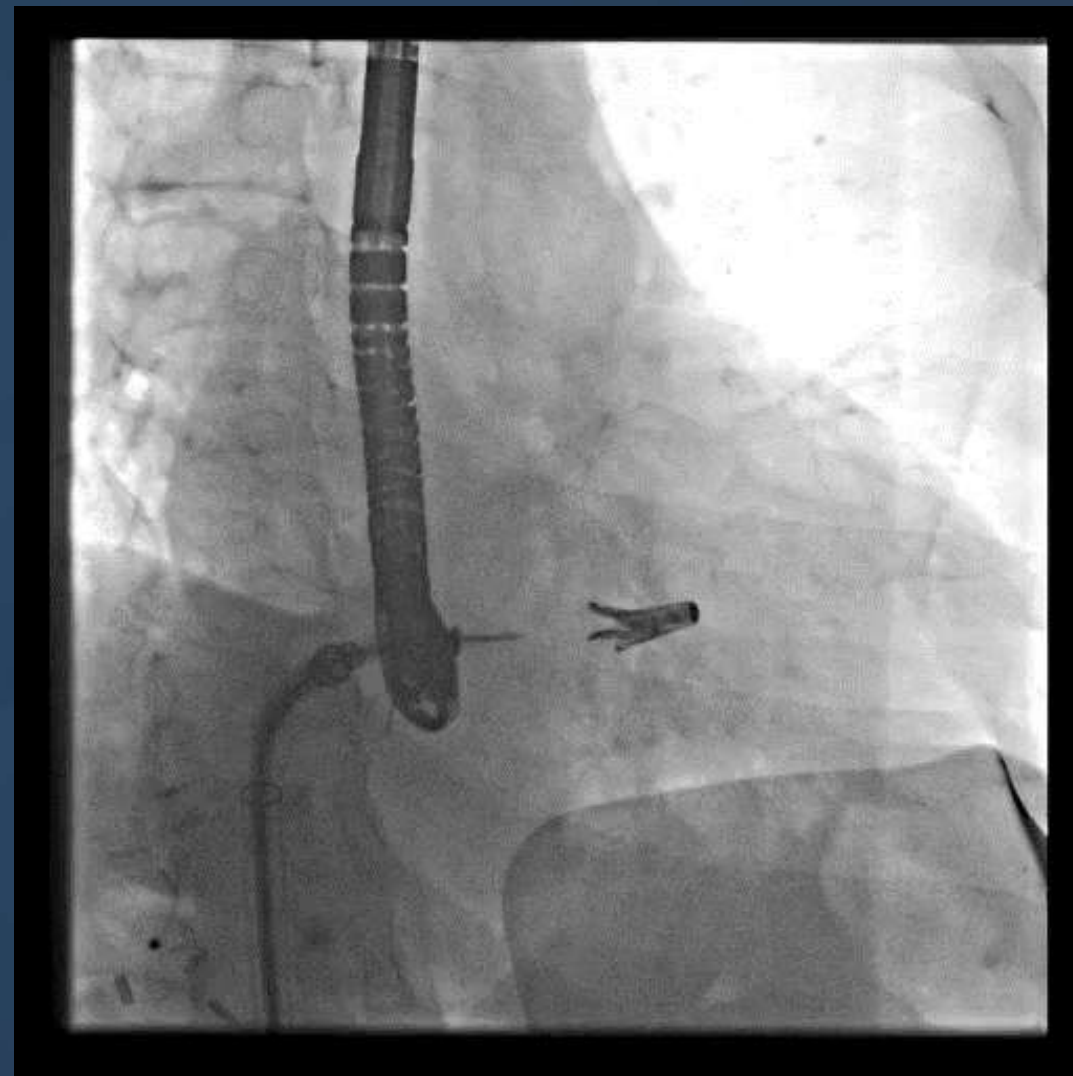
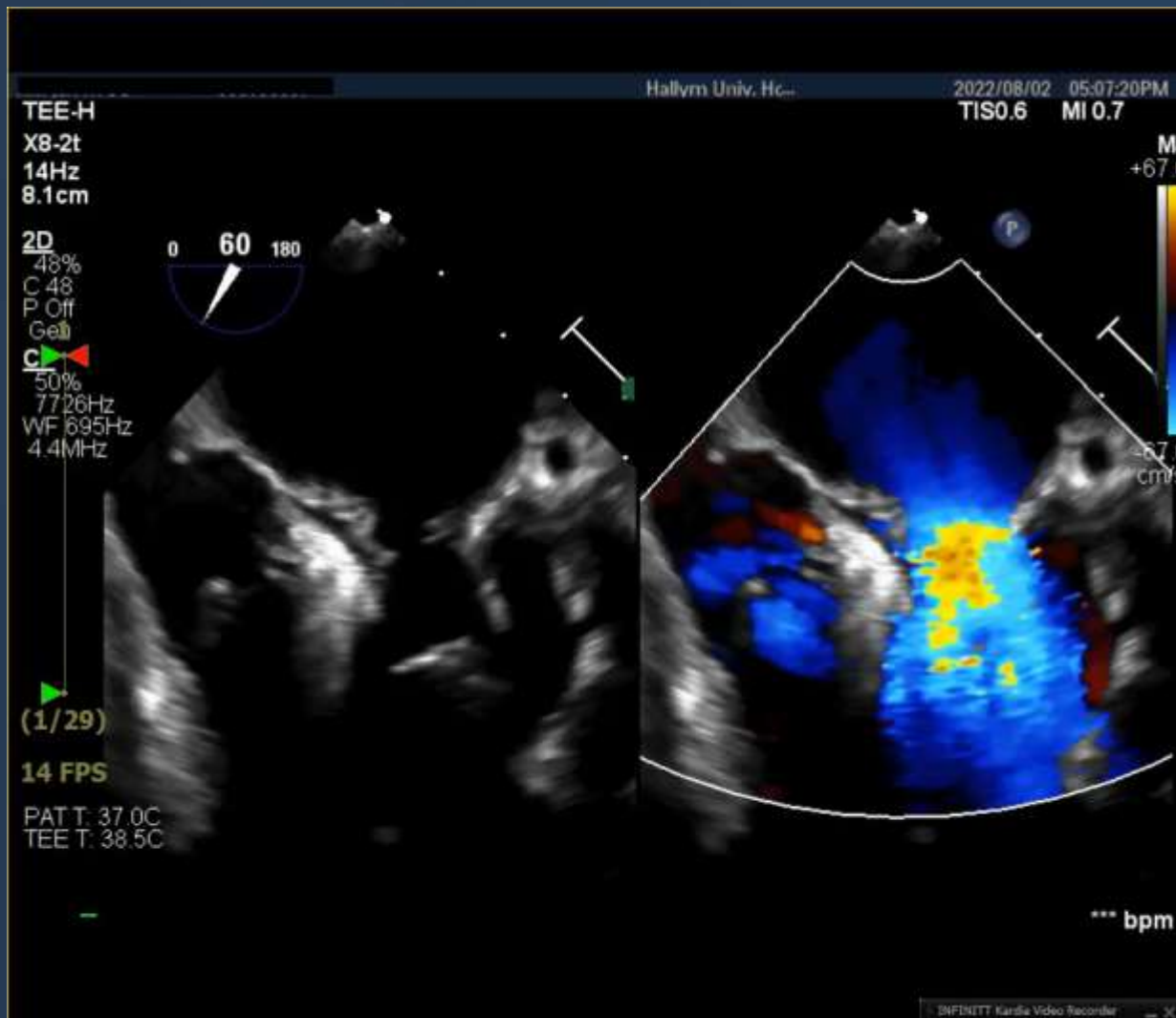
# CASE 2



# CASE 2

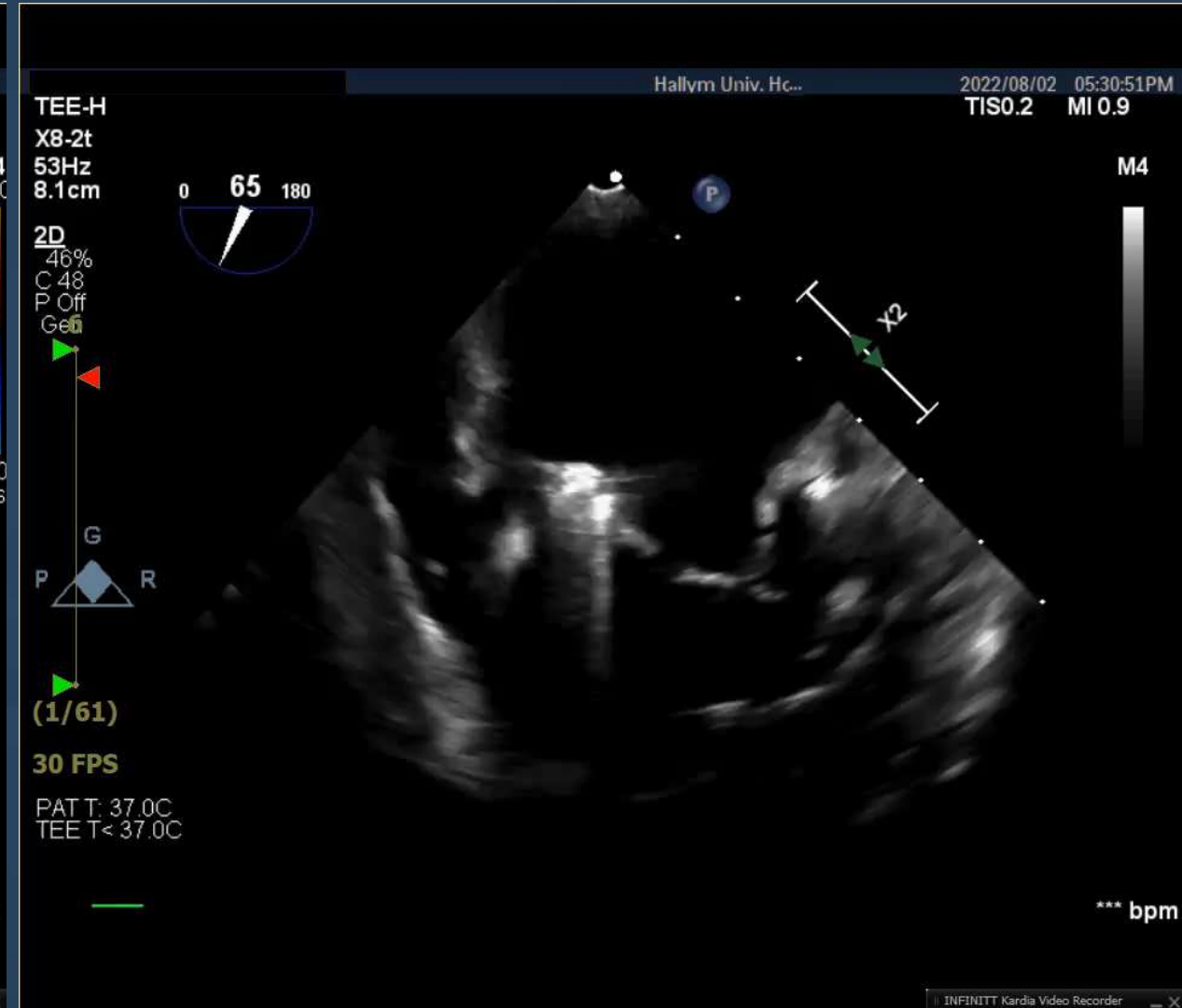
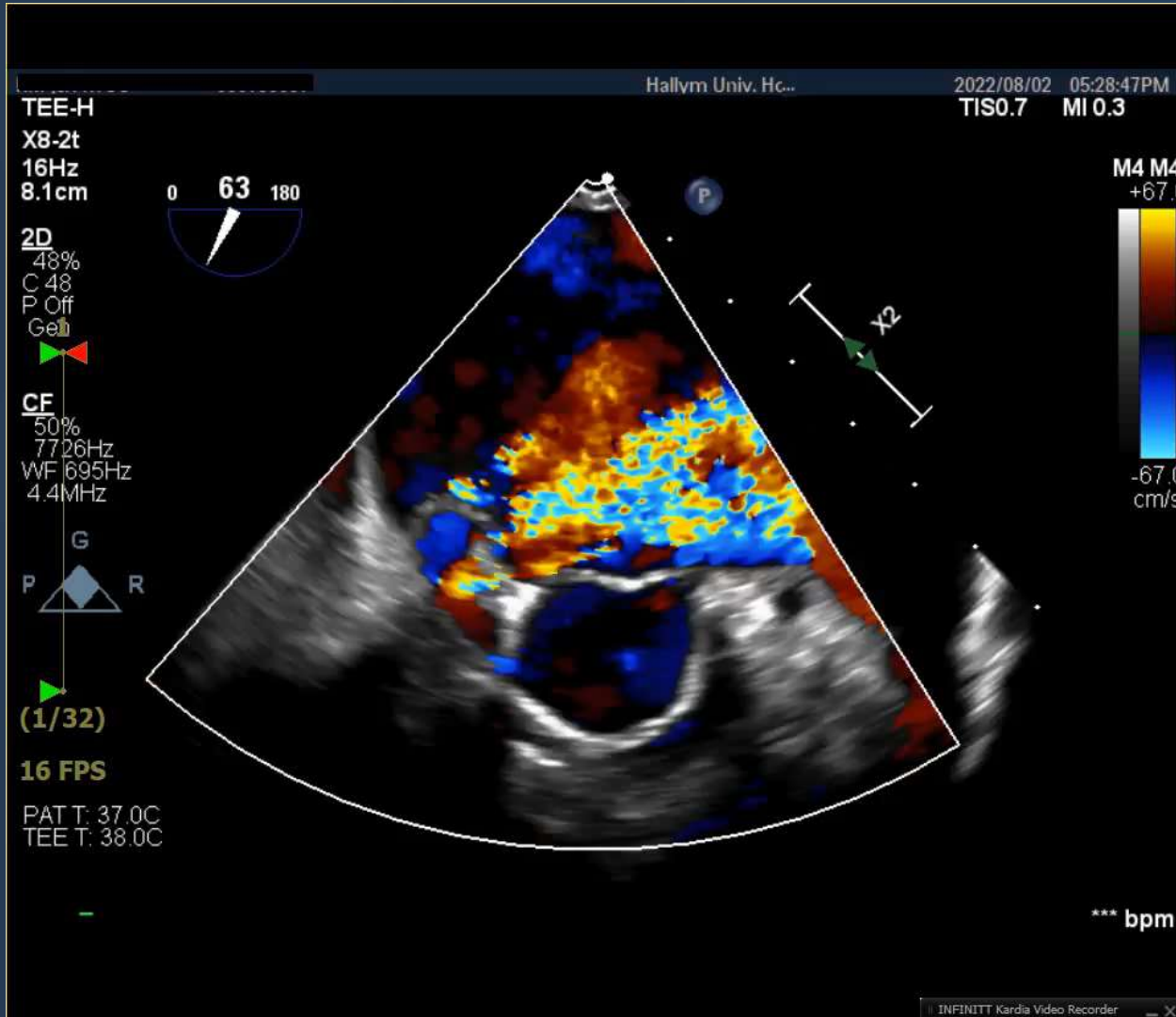


# CASE 2





# CASE 2



→ Surgical conversion

# CASE 2



## OP findings

- ✓ Single leaflet detachment of posterior leaflet
- ✓ PML is very thickened
- ✓ Many chordae rupture

→ Replacement by tissue valve

# Conclusion

- Commissural MR is challengable for TEER so far.
- However, concept of TEER is suitable for commissural MR like surgical commissural closure.
- So, preprocedural planning such as location, number of clip, etc. is very important.
- In a few latest published cases, commissural MR used by two clips and vascular plug on the gap between two clips is treated successfully.
- However, especially for beginner, should be very careful and conscious!!!
- If you are beginner, Must consider again open surgery!!!